## **REMARKS/ARGUMENTS**

The amendments to the original claims are supported by the claims themselves and simply serve to clarify these claims. New claims 12-21 are supported by original Claims 1 and 9. No new matter has been entered.

Examiner Fortuna is thanked for the helpful and courteous discussions held January 9 and 11, 2007. As discussed, Applicants traverse the rejection of Claims 1-11 under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as unpatentable over <u>Wilkinson</u> '120 or <u>Wilkinson</u> '120 in view of Applicants' specification is respectfully traversed. The monomers used in <u>Wilkinson</u> do not correspond to any of Applicants' monomers b1-b5.

The present invention as described in pending Claim 1 is directed to a method of making a membrane from a copolymer A comprising

- a) from 50 to 99% by weight of at least one N-vinyllactam or N-vinylamine selected from the group consisting of N-vinylpyrrolidone, N-vinylpiperidone, N-vinylcaprolactam, N-vinylimidazole, methylated N-vinylimidazole, and N-vinylformamide, and
- b) from 1 to 50% by weight of at least one monomer selected from the group consisting of
  - b1) C<sub>8</sub>-C<sub>30</sub>-alkyl esters of monoethylenically unsaturated C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> carboxylic acids;
  - b2) N-C<sub>8</sub>-C<sub>30</sub>-alkyl-substituted amides of monoethylenically unsaturated C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> carboxylic acids;
  - b3) N,N-C<sub>8</sub>-C<sub>30</sub>-dialkyl-substituted amides of monoethylenically unsaturated C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> carboxylic acids;
  - b4) vinyl esters of aliphatic C<sub>8</sub>-C<sub>30</sub> carboxylic acids; and
  - b5)  $C_8$ - $C_{30}$ -alkyl vinyl ethers.

The Official Action focuses, as did the personal discussions with Examiner Fortuna, on Wilkinson's disclosure of N-vinyl pyrrolidone and an alkylphenoxy polyalkylene glycol acrylate having the formula:

$$R-A-O(R^1-O)_n-C-C=CH_2$$

wherein R is an alkyl radical of from 5 to 20 carbon atoms, A is a phenylene radical, R<sup>1</sup> is a member selected from the group consisting of propylene, ethylene and mixtures thereof, R" is a member selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and methyl, and n is an integer from 20 to 100;

See, e.g., col.3, lines 10-17 of <u>Wilkinson</u>. Contrary to the Examiner's position, this alkylphenoxy polyalkylene glycol acrylate is **not** a  $C_8$ - $C_{30}$ -alkyl vinyl ether as claimed in element b5 herein.

For example, in <u>Wilkinson's</u> alkylphenoxy polyalkylene glycol acrylate the variable "n" must be at least 20, providing a substantial alkylene <u>oxide</u> chain, not an alkyl chain.

Variable "A" is a phenylene radical, <sup>1</sup> not an alkyl radical. There simply is no relationship between <u>Wilkinson's</u> alkylphenoxy polyalkylene glycol acrylate and presently claimed monomers b1-b5, including monomer b5, a C<sub>8</sub>-C<sub>30</sub>-alkyl vinyl ether.

As none of the comonomers within present Group b has any relationship to the alkylphenoxy polyalkylene glycol acrylate of <u>Wilkinson</u> '120 that would negate patentability, whether alone or taken with the discussion at page 2 of the application, the rejection should be withdrawn.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> As defined at http://www.answers.com/topic/phenylene, phenylene is a bivalent organic radical, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, derived from benzene by removal of two hydrogen atoms.

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In view of the foregoing it is respectfully submitted that the application is in condition for allowance and a USPTO paper to those ends is earnestly solicited. The Examiner is requested to telephone the undersigned if additional changes are required in the case prior to allowance.

Respectfully submitted,

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